AL LAWHENIE

Action Is Taken as a Protest Against Imprisonment of Etter and Giovannitti, Accused of Murder.

TWELVE THOUSAND MEN ARE NOW IDLE

Trouble Expected to Spread; 100 Extra Policemen on Duty in the Mill District of City.

AWRENCE, Mass., Sept. 27 .-Practically 12,000 textile operatives here had been affected tonight by the great strike in augurated by the Industrial Workers of the World to show their sympathy for Jose E. Ettor and Arturo Giovannitti leaders of that organization, and as protest against their trial in connec tion with the killing of Anne Lopizzo during the strike last winter, which is to begin in Salem Monday.

Tomorrow it is feared there will be an extension of the strike. Mill owners were said to be ready to close down the plants in event of further walkouts, or if disorders developed.

In a comparatively mild degree Law rence experienced today a repetition of the scenes enacted last winter. Only mild disorders resulted, however,

Slight Disturbances.

Some of the more eager strikers, in attempting to get workers to leave their machines, caused slight disturbances in several mills. Reports of : number of injuries were received by the police, but none of the injured was seriously hurt. Clubs were flourished to intimidate working operatives and mill machinery at several plants was damaged. A few windows were broken. The police made only three arrests.

Of the 13,000 operatives who quit work, probably half did so as a protest against the trial of Ettor and Giovan-nitti. The others were forced out, either because of intimidation or as a result of the closing of their depart-ments. Leaders of the Industrial Work-ers of the World renewed their asser-tion tonight that the strike was not out a leader.

Leaders Against Strike.

"We are unable to centrol the peo-ple," said William Ystes of New Bed-ford, national secretary of the textile branch of the Industrial Workers of the World. They broke away from us completely and left their work against our advice. We hoped they would beed the message sent from jail by Ettor and Giovannitti urging them not to strike. Of course, in event of a majority sentiment in favor of a general strike, the Industrial Workers of the World will give the same support to the movement as it did in the great industrial battle last winter."

Several Meetings Held.

Several meetings of Industrial Workers were held tonight, most of the speeches being in foreign tongues. The largest meeting was addressed by Miss Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, of New York. She urged the operatives to return to their mills tomorrow or Monday at the latest and await the call of the leaders for a strike.

Secretary Yates announced that Will-iam D. Haywood, who directed the strike here last winter, in its latter stages and who, on Boston common two stages and who, on Boston common two weeks ago, urged a country-wide strike in protest against the detention in jail of Ettor and Giovannitti, had been asked to come to Lawrence. Mr. Yates said Mr. Haywood would burry east from Chicago.

At the conclusion of the various meetings tonight it was announced that the question of returning to work Monday would be decided tomorrow.

State Will Appeal.

State Will Appeal.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 27.—On the ground that it is confiscatory. Federal Judges Humphrey. Sanborn and Baker today decided the state 2-cent passenger law is unconstitutional as far as the Chicago, Feoria & St. Louis Ballroad company is concerned. The judges today signed a decree which makes perpetual a temporary injunction granted in 1969 by Judge Humphrey, which restrains the state from enforcing the law against the railroad.

No other railroads are affected. The state will appeal.

A Savings Account in This Company---Why?

No. 12.

Because a Savings Account in this strong and well known institution increases the standing of the depositor among those with whom he deals.

Consult with our officers today regarding the opening of an account.

SALT LAKE SECURITY & TRUST COMPANY 32 Main Street.

CAPITALANDSURPLUS 400,000.00_

TAFT DISTRUSTS PEOPLE IS BRYAN'S CONTENTION

(Continued From Page One.)

plans for remedial legislation. would be a very incomplete victory if we elected a Democratic president and then found his hands tied by a Republican house or senate.

Expects to Win Senate.

I feel quite sure that we are going to make enough gains in the senate to give us control of that body, and I feel quite confident that we are going to have a Democratic house, but I would not be overconfident, and I fight on the theory that we need every vote, and if you are persuaded that you ought to give us the benefit of your vote in the electing of the national ticket, I hope you will not fall to show that interest in voting for the Democratic candidates for congress, and while the state ticket has nothing to do ordinarily with the national campaign, yet when these men make the sacrifices that they do and when they give their time and their means to the carrying on of the campaign, we must help the national ticket while it helps the state ticket. I think this should be considered in addition to the arguments that might be made in favor of these candidates on the ground of individual worth and merit. I, therefore, in presenting the arguments on national questions, ask you to consider the claims not only of our candidates for president and vice president, but the claims of our candidates for congress and the candidates on the Democratic state ticket.

Mr. Bryan then devoted his attention o the three conventions, covering th same ground that he did in his Salt Lake speech. He then continued:

Mr. Taft has been president for four years. He has given us a chance to see what he thinks and how he acts. Four years ago the people took him on faith. Mr. Roosevelt said he was all right and the people didn't know any better until they got him. but now they know better and there is no reason why they should take him on anybody's say-so.

Pointed Comparison.

Now I repeat that I believe Mr. Taft is an honest and well-meaning man, but he is not fitted to the day, and I can't understand how there can be any likelihood of his being made president again, or why any-body should desire to have him made president again. It is no reflection on a man to say that he ought not to be president. I have got to maintain that position, because so many have said it in regard to me. And surely if seven millions of people say that I ought not to be president. I ought to be allowed to say that two or three other fellows that I know ought not to be president. I hope you won't think I am boastful when I say that I believe I could have made a better president than Mr. Taft has made.

I am no more anxious to have Mr. Now I repeat that I believe Mr.

made a better president than Mr. Taft has made.

I am no more anxious to have Mr. Roosevelt president than I am to have Mr. Taft president. In fact, I am probably in the best position I ever was and I don't suppose I will ever be again in as good position as I am now. I am able to please more people with my speeches now than I ever did before. Heretofore I have been able to please the Democrats, most of them, but the Republicans haven't liked my speeches, but now I am very popular with the Republicans and I never make a speech now without pleasing everybody in the audience. It is a rare experience for a public man to be able to do that, but, you see, when I make a speech I first tell the people why Taft ought not to be re-elected and every Roosevelt Republican applauds everything I say, and then I tell why Roosevelt ought not to be president, and every word I utter. And the Democrats—why, they are happy all the time.

Contrasts Candidates.

Contrasts Candidates.

Now Mr. Taft's chief fault I think is that he is constitutionally distrustful of the people, while Mr. Roosevelt's fault is that he is constitutionally over-trustful of himself, and surely no man has ever had better reason to distrust his judgment in picking out presidents than Mr. Roosevelt has. For there are few men in the history of this country who have falled so miserably in picking out a president. Mr. Roosevelt nicked out Mr. Taft. That is his star performance in public life, and he hadn't any doubt about him, either; it was not a hesitating sort of a commendation, it was not like one fellow's recommendation. "I don't know any harm of this man." Why, no. He says. "Here is a man who is the best prepared man who ever walked. Some of our presidents have been passably good, but none of them has been prepared for it like Mr. Taft."

eyer waked. Some of our presidents have been passably good, but none of them has been prepared for it like Mr. Taft."

Now this is the first case that I have been able to find in the political or judicial history of the world—I make it strong, and if any of you can find another case I wish you would bring it to my attention—this is the first I have found in all history where a guarantor has to be recommended because his principal had falled. It looks now as if he intended his recommendation to be understood in a different way from that in which we understood it. It looks now as if his guaranty was intended like this: "Take this man, and if he doesn't measure up to my recommendation, then come to me, and as a punishment I will not only take his place, but I will serve as president the rest of my life to show you how sorry I am."

Take the election of senators by the people. That is the greatest thing that he advocates today. It is the greatest reform in a hundred years and he commenced advocating it two years ago; the Democrats began fighting for it twenty years ago; they passed it through the house of representatives in Washington in 1892, and I had the pleasure of voting for it when I was a member of congress at that time. Twenty years ago we commenced, two years ago he commenced.

Teddy Late Convert.

Now, my friends, I am glad to have Mr. Roosevelt come over, but I want you to know that this man has not been over long, that when we made our fight some years ago and first called on him to take this government out of Wall street, he was on Wall street's ade; in 1900 we fought again and Wall street was against us and made him vice president, where the accident of death could make him president, and in 1904 Wall street made him president, and four years ago Wall street helped to elect as president a man that he had picked out and indorsed. That is the record of sixteen years that he has been on the other side.

Even two years ago, after he had come back from Africa, after he had had a chance to be quiet, with nobody around him shouting for him, and no band playing, he came back and got upon his Progressive automobile and rode around the country, observing the speed limit laws of the different sections. When he got out west he was a joy rider, but when he got to New York he slowed down and Teddy Late Convert.

presided there as temporary chairman in the convention that indersed Taft's administration, and he never said a word against it, and that convention indersed the Payne-Aldrich bill and he never protested against the indersement. He went clear to Massachusetts and helped elect Lodge to the senate, and Lodge was so receiected.

Says Roosevelt Faltered.

Less than a year ago, when La Follette started out as a candidate against Taft. Roosevelt would not take sides and wanted it distinctly understood that he was not taking part as between Mr. La Follette was the ploneer reformer in the Republican party. He was the man that stood alone in the Republican senate, defying all those reactionaries and putting chalk marks on their backs and driving them out of the senate by reading their records, and Roosevelt did not repudiate the work that La Follette did. I am willing that Roosevelt should come along now and turn state's evidence and testify against his pals, but I am not willing to make him prosecuting attorney just yet.

My friends, since I was in Utah the

against his pals, but I am not willing to make him prosecuting attorney just yet.

My friends, since I was in Utah the other day I have been in California and Nevada and in Nevada yesterday I visited Virginia City, and there I saw what remains of that once flourishing place, and they told me about the Comstock lode—that it was the richest mineral vein that had ever been found in this country and with one exception in the world, and that 700 millions of money had been taken out of that Comstock lode, but it took fifty-one years to do it, but can you tell the number of freight teams and stage coaches, can you tell how many men went down in the bowels of the earth—down 2500 feet they are now below the surface—can you tell how many men have tolled, how many have hoped, how many have been disappointed, but yet as a result of all this they got out \$700,000,000.

How Trust Gets Rich.

When the steel trust was organized, a handful of men went into a little room and sat around a little table and with pen and ink and paper they wrote out and put into their pockets what represented \$700,000,009, and that is the way they can do when they have the Republican party to permit them to reach their larcenous hands into the pockets of 90,000,000 people.

permit them to reach their larcenous hands into the pockets of 20,000,000 people.

The old pioneers crossed the plains, and many of them died of the exposure, for those men had to work for the little that they got out of the earth, but under these systems where lies their power to extract money from the people? They do not have to make any sacrifices, they do not have to endure any hardships, all they have to do is to elect presidents who are friendly to them and senators and members who will let them do as they please. Now, this has gone on and the Republicans did not stop it. And Mr. Roosevelt was president for seven years and a half during that time and he never said a word against the steel trust, he never tried to squeeze the water out of that great corporation's stock.

If he would just squeeze the water out of the stock of this trust he would have enough to brigate all the arid lands of the west, but he lets these people go on and plunder the public, and then he starts out a new party to make the trust permanent and to give you assurance that they will not be disturbed he makes a director of the stock of this trust he would to the steel trust and the manager of the harvester trust Mr. Perkins, his chief financial backer, his chief political adviser.

Pleads for Wilson.

Pleads for Wilson.

Pleads for Wilson.

I find my time is up. I told you when I started how short it was. I have talked rapidly and I have only been able just to say a few thigs that I would like to have said, and now in conclusion let me say that as against this man who has been weighed in the balance and found wanting, and against this man who has been president twice and wants to be again, and who has planned the establishment of trusts as a permanent institution, against this belated reformer, for he is a reformer, and this man who menaces our industrial independence on the trust question, I present to you a man on the best platform, that was presented to the people after the Baltimore platform, who gives you the progressiveness for which you are ready in national politics, a man who has the intelligence to fill that office, whose sympathies are with the people and whose moral courage has been tested and found to be of the highest type. I appeal to you now to come and help elect a man pledged to a single term, who if he is elected will have nothing to think about except the people and their interests, who will not have to spend time working for renomination and re-election. I present to your our candidate, Woodrow Wilson, as the man.

BRIEF TALK AT BRIGHAM.

Bryan Makes Characteristic Ten-Minute Speech From Rear of Train.

Special to The Tribune.

BRIGHAM CITY, Sept. 27.—Speaking for ten minutes from the rear of his special train which stopped here at 7.39 o'clock tonight. William J. Bryan strongly urged the crowd of about 300 persons present to vote the Democratic national ticket. In his talk he referred to all three of the presidential candidates, paying special compilment to Wilson. He was presented by County Chairman E. M. Tyson. The train pulled out for Losan at 7:45 o'clock. Several prominent local Democrats accompanied it.

The speaker declared that Roosevelt had no Utah followers, so little need to be said about him. He then attacked the Taft administration, saving that in his opinion it had accomplished nothing. He said Taft and his selected advisors did not trust the common people. He sulogized the Democratic nominee, assertling that Wilson is the only man for the people. He said Wilson had made a progressive state out of New Jersey, which work alone should endear him to the veters. special to The Tribune.

Bryan at Logan,

pecial to The Tribune LOGAN. Utah. Sept. 27.—A tremendous throng gathered here this evening to hear W. J. Bryan. Twenty-five hundred crowded into the stake tahermole, where the meeting was held, while hundreds were massed outside. State Senator J. W. Funk presided at the meeting. J. F. Tolton and T. D. Johnson addressed the gathering during the long wait for Mr. Bryan. He appeared about 9:30 clock and before entering the hall was compelled to speak to the large throng outside the building. He said he had ben informed that Taff sentiment was strongest in Utah and he therefore confined his remarks almost exclusively to the attitude of the president on public questions. He asserted the president was not in sympathy with the common people and contended that reforms had come in spite of him rather than with his aid. There was a big demonstration at the close of the address.

Mr. Bryan left here at 11:20 o'clock. LOGAN. Utah. Sept. 27 -- A tremento hear W. J. Bryan. Twenty-five hundred crowded into the stake tahernacle, where the meeting was held, while hundreds were massed outside. State Senting J. W. Funk presided at the meeting at the meeting of the state of the st

Marines for Santo Domingo. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.—The transport Prairi, with \$00 marine on board, left the Philadelphia navy yard at noon today for Santo Domingo to look after the American interests



State Fair Commences Monday, September 30

Z.C.M.I. Coat Special

A Splendid \$28.50 Value Only

Without a Doubt the Greatest Coat Value Ever Offered

The very latest style in the popular wide-wale fabrics in a variety of colors-navy, brown, black and white, and blue and brown mixtures. Can be buttoned close around the throat or left open. Broad strap at back. The very latest thing. A good \$28.50 value, special only \$17.50.

Great "Get Ready" SaleContinuesToday

New fall goods from our regular stock are offered at real bargain prices. Hence you will find just as good values Monday as are offered today.

Table Damask Table Napkins Cone-Fourth Off

Z.C.M. I. EntireStock of Blankets Is Offered in This Sale

Not a job lot, but our entire regular stock offered at reduced prices right at the beginning of the season - the best time to buy.

Attractive Blanket Reductions

1		CCL	ac	CTA		Dia	L
\$3	.75	White	Wool	Blankets,	spec	ial\$3.00	
85	.00	White	Wool	Blankets,	врес	ial\$4.00	
87	.50	White	Wool	Blankets,	spec	ial\$6.00	
#8	.50	White	Wool	Blankets,	spec	ial . \$6.80	
89	.75	White	Wool	Blankets.	spec	ial\$7.80	
\$1	1.00	0 White	e Wool	Blankets	. spec	ial. \$8.80	ı
\$1	2.2	5 Whit	e Wool	Blankets	spec	ial\$9.80	
				Blankets.	spec	ial. \$4,40	
\$7	.00	Plaid	Wool	Blankets.		ial \$5.60	
83	.00	Grav	Wool	Blankets.		ial \$2.40	
				Blankets.		ial82.80	
84	.25	Grav	Wool	Blankets,		ial\$3.60	
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* 4	.50			Nap Bla			
700	-	-1-1		1,000		40.00	
	4-	TITLE	West	Nam Diam	Late.		

\$3.00 White Wool Nap Blankets, special \$2.50 Tan Wool Nap Blankets,\$2.20 \$2.00 Tan Wool Nap Blankets, \$2.40 \$1.00 Gray Cotton Blankets, special. 80c \$1.25 Gray Cotton Blankets, special. \$1.00 \$1.50 Gray Cotton Blankets, special. \$1.20 \$1.50 Gray Cotton Blankets, special . \$1.20 \$2.00 Gray Cotton Blankets, special . \$1.60 special \$2.00 Gray Cotton Blankets, special \$1.60 bown Comforts, special \$2.75 White Wool Nap Blankets, \$2.25 Gray Cotton Blankets, special \$1.80 special \$1.00 Down Comforts, special \$2.75 Gray Cotton Blankets, special \$1.80 all Bath Towels 20 Per Cent Off.

Comfort Reductions

\$2.25 Cotton Comforts, special\$1,50 \$2.50 Cotton Comforts, special \$2.75 Cotton Comforts, special \$2.20 \$3.00 Cotton Comforts, special\$2.40 \$3.25 Cotton Comforts, special \$2.60 \$3.50 Cotton Comforts, special\$2.90 \$3.75 Cotton Comforts, special\$3.00 \$4.00 Cotton Comforts, special\$3.20 \$4.50 Cotton Comforts, special \$6.50 Down Comforts, special \$9.00 Down Comforts, special

Attractive price reductions are also offered in our staple department on ginghams, flannels, flannelettes, muslins, pillows, pillow tubing, sheeting, etc., etc., etc.

Our soda fountain continues to grow in popularity. All kinds of drinks daintily served at a moment's notice.



FISHER READY TO START FOR HOME

Secretary of the Interior Waiting New York Husbands Make Comfor Secretary Knox at Honolulu.

HONOLULU, Sept. 27.—Completing a tour of the islands of Maui and Hawaii, Walter L. Fisher, secretary of the interior, arrived by steamer today and will prepare for his return to Washington, D. C. According to his present plans, Secretary Fisher will remain here until joined by Secretary of State Philander C. Knox, who recently attended the funeral of the late Emperor Mutsuhito at Tokio, and who is now crossing the Pacific.

By International News Service.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Led by letters from husbands who declared their wives were gambling in Mme. Ray's hair-dressing establishment on Second avenue. Police Inspector Culhane and five men late tonight raided the place. They caught five women, well dressed and apparently wealthy, playing poker, while three others stood watching the players, so fascinated that they did not

mow crossing the Pacific.

The two cabinet members intend visiting Hilo to see the volcano and then will sail for Seattle. Secretary Knox will go direct to the capital and Secretary Fisher plans to visit Yosemite valley to attend the conference of the National Park Syncorintendents.

While three others stood watching the players, so fascinated that they did not bear the approach of the officers.

When the women, all of whom gave, will sail for Seattle. Secretary Knox fictitious names, were told they were tary Fisher plans to visit Yosemite valley to attend the conference of the National Park Syncorintendents.

Traility was fascinated that they did not bear the successful to the women, all of whom gave, with the conference of the National Park Syncorintendents.

WOMEN CAPTURED IN GAMBLING DEN

plaint to Police and Place Is Raided.

known today that \$11,500 in gold was mysteriously stolen September 15 from the National Newark Banking company. The money, in three bags, was taken from the teller's cage white most of the employees were at lunch. The theft was apparently accomplished from the corridor by means of a long pole and hook.

Sues for Divorce.

CHICAGO. Sept 21.—Mrs. Emma McManigal, wife of Ortic E. McManigal, today filed suit for separate maintenance. A livear ago she filed suit for absolute of discree, which has been pending ever since. She charges crucity.

The chief of police is in revoit against the Pekin government and it is expected republican troops will be sent from Pekin to attack the town.

G. A. R. Veteran Dies.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 27.—Judge Loren W. Collins, former justice of the Minnesota supreme court and a man of national note in the G. A. R. died at his home here today, following an attack of beart trouble, which seized him at San Francisco, September 18, as he was returning home from the national spin-damped and companies to the limit. If more cars are not supplied be-

In Railroad World

Fixes Blame for Wreck.

Fixes Blame for Wreck.

The board of inquiry appointed by the management of the Sait Lake Route and the Oregon Short Line yesterday made public the result of its findings in regard to the wreck that occurred at Atwood, Utah, September 22. In its report the board places the blame for the wreck on Operator L J. Fanzler, Jr., of Sandy, who is charged with failure to deliver a copy of a train order. Some blame is also attached to O. J. Grimes, dispatcher, and to Daniel Hughes, conductor, and to Robert Buit, head brakeman.

Driggs Special Ready

A special train will leave here at 11:45 o'clock tomerrow night over the Oregon Short Line for Driggs, Ida. The object of the excursion is to take those who wish to go to attend the big celebration at Driggs on the instance of the opening of the Driggs branch of the railroad D. C. Driggs, who is a prominent citizen of the Teton country, in which Driggs is located. Is in Sait Lake City boosting the celebration.

Apples From Millard.

The windows of the Sait Lake Route's city ticket office were made attractive yesterday by a display of apples from Leamington and Oak City in Millard county. Jonathan, Gano, Maiden Blush, Rhode Island Green, Wealthy, Wolf River and other varieties of apples were displayed to advantage. With each lot of apples was a card telling upon which farm in Millard county the apples were grown. All of the fruit was grown on a reclamation project on the line of the Salt Lake Route.

Railroad Notes.

fore the grain, hay and potate or ready for shipment there is certain a congestion of freight in Uni-Idaho.

Idaho.

A unique way in which to as Salt Lake City has been adopted. Oregon Short Line. On every parall matter sent out is attached at that calls attention to the National gation congress and the Utah mand the city where both will be "Meet me in Salt Lake City. United injunction which is being is over the country.

Brothers Electrocuted. EDDYVILLE. Ky. Sept. brothers were electrocuted in a prison here today. They were Incharles Smith, negroes, who aged member of their race is town in eastern Kentucky a part

Quits in Disgust. WASHINGTON, Sept. 27—265
Francisco J. Poynado, minister from the feet as soon as he is released minister disclaims that the resignation, which was forwarded government at Santo Dominso a ago.

Arthur McFarlane, Secretary

King, Hlawatha, Black Ham Telephone,

BLUE WAGONS BRING BETTER